

令和6年度 一般選抜問題 1期 【2日目】

## 英 語

【 試験時間 13:30 ~ 14:30 】

### 注 意 事 項

1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子を開いてはいけません。
2. 英語の問題は1ページから4ページまであります。
3. 解答用紙は1枚です。
4. 試験中に問題冊子および解答用紙の印刷不鮮明、落丁（ページの脱落）・乱丁（ページの乱れ）に気付いた場合は、手を挙げて監督者に知らせなさい。
5. 問題冊子の余白等は自由に利用してよいが、どのページも切り離してはいけません。
6. 試験時間は60分です。
7. 受験番号と氏名は、解答用紙の指定された欄に記入しなさい。
8. 解答は、すべて解答用紙の指定された欄に記入しなさい。
9. 必要以外のことを解答用紙に書いてはいけません。
10. 問題冊子は持ち帰りなさい。

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1

次の英文を読んで、下記の問いに答えなさい。

(26点)

(A) Is it possible that, when it comes to foreigners, many Japanese people have an "allergic" reaction? One American, who is a long-time resident of Japan, thinks that this is the case. Since he commutes to work by train daily, he has many opportunities to see how Japanese interact with foreign people. In a recent newspaper article, he described some of his experiences on the train.

One morning he noticed that, although the train was full, the two seats next to him remained untaken. There were many passengers standing nearby, but nobody showed any interest in sitting in the two seats. He began to feel very uncomfortable, wondering if there was anything wrong with his appearance.

Then, however, one Japanese woman came and sat down in a seat next to him. She smiled at him when she sat down. (B) Perhaps she realized his discomfort and wanted to show that some Japanese are friendly toward foreign people. He said that he felt better, but in the days since then, seats next to him usually remain untaken. He also believes that some Japanese might be nervous about the possibility of being spoken to in English by a foreign person.

The man thinks a younger generation of Japanese is getting more used to interaction with non-Japanese people. He says he is hopeful that Japanese will gradually feel more at ease with people from other countries. However, he also notes that **【 on a daily life level, despite, Japan's internationalization, cultural exchange programs, has a long way to go, Japan's government, by, local governments, and, 】**.

〔問1〕 下線部(A), (B)を和訳しなさい。

〔問2〕 次の日本語と同じ意味になるように【\_\_\_\_\_】内の語句を並べかえなさい。

【日本政府または地方自治体の文化交流があるにも関わらず、日本の日常生活における国際化は、まだ道のりが長いでしょう】。

2

次の英文を [ ] 内の指示に従って書きかえなさい。 (30点)

1. You should have told me earlier. [受動態を用いて]
2. Tea is grown in many Asian countries. It is used as a medicine in China.  
[関係代名詞を用いて]
3. The dentist said to me, "You need to brush your teeth more often".  
[間接話法を用いて]
4. I can't swim, so I don't go to the pool. [仮定法を用いて]
5. It is good for your health to get up early every day. [動名詞を用いて]

**3**

次の英文の空所をうめるのにもっとも適切な表現を(a)~(d)の中から選び、記号で答えなさい。(20点)

1. A : "Are you ready to order, sir?"  
B : "(        )."  
(a) Let's go out for Italian food      (b) Sorry, you can't  
(c) Yes, I'd like some soup          (d) Yes, my name is Taro
2. The movie starts at nine. We (        ) be late.  
(a) don't have to                      (b) had to  
(c) mustn't                              (d) needn't
3. Don't forget to lock the door when you (        ).  
(a) leave                                (b) leaves  
(c) will be leaving                      (d) will leave
4. My suitcase isn't as big as (        ).  
(a) mine                                 (b) my  
(c) your                                 (d) yours
5. I've been in this waiting room (        ) 8:00 this morning.  
(a) after                                (b) at  
(c) over                                 (d) since
6. The bucket is full (        ) water.  
(a) in                                      (b) of  
(c) up                                      (d) with
7. A bookstore? I think (        ) is one near the park.  
(a) it                                      (b) that  
(c) there                                 (d) this
8. As soon as you (        ) the work finished, you may go home.  
(a) come                                 (b) do  
(c) get                                    (d) make
9. He (        ) to visit England since he was ten years old.  
(a) has wanted                         (b) is wanting  
(c) wants                                (d) will want
10. The director decided to put (        ) the meeting until next week.  
(a) off                                    (b) out  
(c) over                                  (d) up

## 4

次の会話を読んで、下記の問いに答えなさい。(24点)

Steve: Naomi, did you know Steve Jobs was influenced by Japanese art?

Naomi: (A) \_\_\_\_\_  
In what way?

Steve: He admired Japanese art, like pottery, and *Shinhang*—modernized Japanese woodblock prints—for their simplicity.

Naomi: (B) \_\_\_\_\_

Steve: Jobs applied the minimalist style of these to Apple's product design.

Naomi: (C) \_\_\_\_\_  
I'm glad I bought one.

Steve: Yes, it reflects Jobs' appreciation for Japanese aesthetics<sup>1</sup>. (E) This simplicity makes Apple products look stylistic and feel easy to use.

Naomi: (D) \_\_\_\_\_  
【tech, a, influenced, art, Japanese, company, huge, 】!

Steve: Exactly. Inspiration can come from anywhere.

注 aesthetics<sup>1</sup> 美学

〔問1〕 下線部(A)～(D)に、下記(1)～(4)の中から適切なものを選び、番号で答えなさい。

- (1) How did this affect Apple's design?
- (2) That's amazing.
- (3) Really?
- (4) So that's why iPhones look so cool!

〔問2〕 下線部(E)を和訳しなさい。

〔問3〕 次の日本文と同じ意味になるように【\_\_\_\_\_】内の語句を並べかえなさい。ただし文頭の語も小文字にしています。

【日本の芸術が巨大テクノロジー企業に影響を与えたなんて】!